Rainforest and Related Scrub



RMS Nothofagus - Phyllocladus short rainforest

Community Description:

The community is typically short (8–25 m) rainforest in which the most common canopy dominants or codominants include *Nothofagus cunninghamii*, *Phyllocladus aspleniifolius* and *Eucryphia lucida*. The canopy may be broken or uneven and is generally not clearly separated from the understorey of densely spaced or tangled trees and shrubs. It has a moderate to high diversity of endemic vascular taxa compared to other Tasmanian lowland rainforest communities. *Eucalyptus* species may occur as occasional emergent trees (<5% cover). RMS is most common on siliceous substrates of low to moderate productivity in lowland and montane areas of western Tasmania.

Benchmarks:

Component	Height (m)	Cover (%)	DBH (cm)	Diameter (cm)	Count (#/ha)	Total Length (m/0.1 ha
Tree Canopy	18	75	-	-	-	-
Large Trees	-	-	25	-	60	-
Logs	-	-	-	≥ 10	-	70
Large Logs	-	-	-	≥ 12.5	-	-
Organic Litter	-	75	-	-	-	-
Recruitment		Continuous				

Understorey Life Forms	LF code	# Spp	Cover (%)
Immature Canopy Tree	ICT	I	5
Tree (sub-canopy)/Large Shrub	T	4	50
Medium Shrub/Small Shrub	S	8	30
Ground Ferns and fern allies	GF	I	10
Scramblers/Climbers/Epiphytes	SCE	2	I
Mosses and Lichens	ML	I	5
Total	7	18	

Species lists:

Tree Canopy Species	Common Name	Notes
Nothofagus cunninghamii	myrtle beech	
Eucryphia lucida	leatherwood	
Phyllocladus aspleniifolius	celerytop pine	
Acacia mucronata	erect caterpillar wattle	May occur as a canopy tree
Anodopetalum biglandulosum	horizontal	May occur as a canopy tree
Atherosperma moschatum	sassafras	May occur as a canopy tree
Acacia melanoxylon	blackwood	As scattered emergent <5%
Eucalyptus nitida	western peppermint	As scattered emergent <5%



^{*}This list is provided as a guide only. The species listed are typical of this plant community type but may not necessarily be present.